DR. M'CONNELL ATTACKS IT

SEVERE CRITICISM OF EPISCOPAL MIS-SIONS MANAGEMENT.

RECTORS OF CHURCHES, HE SAYS, WANT TO KNOW HOW THE MONEY RAISED

IS EXPENDED-BISHOP DOANE

PROTESTS AGAINST THE LANGUAGE USED.

The Rev. Dr. S. D. McConnell, rector of Holy Trinity Protestant Episcopal Church, Brooklyn, has an article in this week's issue of "The Churchman," the leading organ of the Protestant Episcopal Church, which yesterday caused unbounded comment among rectors and laymen who read and analyzed it. It is a vigorous criticism of the bishops of the Episcopal Church with reference to their relation to the Board of Missions. Dr. McConnell makes a polished and skilful disclaimer of any feeling toward the personnel of the Board before he reveals the intensity of his convictions, but his words are sure to leave a sting, and the friends of Bishop Clark, of R. ode Island, the presiding bishop, will no doubt be heard from.

The burden of Dr. McConnell's article is a criticism of the system by which about \$400,000 raised by the Church for domestic missions is distributed without supervision which he thinks is proper and necessary. Under the existing system the bishops receive portions of this money practically from their own hands, as they largely shape the policy of the Board of Missions, and then hire and pay the missionarles as they see fit. That part of the article most drastic in its wording is as follows:

by dint of literated appeals, collect annually sun of money amounting in round numbers to \$400.0 for domestic missions. After deducting \$21.00 for expenses and advertising, the amount is appropriated by the Board of Managers to diocescs an missionary jurisdictions in built. Thereafter the Board neither has nor claims any control over it Each bishop makes a report, to be sure, but nothing in his report can show whether the appropria hishop makes a report to be sure, b his report can show whether the a well of ill expended. Of course it go ving that it is honestly expended. out saying that it is honestly expended—almost some of us talk to each other at times of the que-ways in which certain institutional funds have be-handled, but then that was by bishops who a handled, but then that was by bishops who a ways in which certain institutional funds have be handled; but then that was by bishops who a dead. But what the average rector wants is so; assurance better than any which he has now the money which his people are ready to give whe expended to some good purpose, so far as resultance conterned. At present he has grave don this point. He has a suspicion that in certa large areas of the Church's territory the Church's being presented to the people in an offensity dictatorial, supercilious style by a lot of feeb receivers.

Dr McConnell finishes his article by saying among other things, that the men who hold the key to the situation are the rectors of some three or four hundred parishes. He holds that if the Board of Managers will satisfy the people that they "will do in fact what they do in name-i, e., manage"-the people will be satis-

It would seem that the editors of Churchman" must have felt that the article would be looked upon as an attack, as Bishop Doane, vice-president of the Board of Missions saw it before it was published. Bishop Doane says he cordially welcomes the outspoken

nem aurice and I de English people call criminous clerks, and I reatly regret that the force of the paper should be sesened and almost lost by language which, if not absolutely vituperative, is certainly violent.

Bishop Potter is not in the city, and Dr. Mallory, editor of "The Churchman," was not at his office vesterday afternoon when the reporter called. When Dr. Farrington's attention was called to Dr. McConnell's article he said:

The language certainly is unusual, but Dr. McConnell is a courageous man and an eminent churchman. No doubt the system he attacks is open to criticism. Bishop Clark, of Rhode Island, is too feeble to attend to his duties, but so long as he lives he will be the presiding bishop.

Dr. McConnell has been rector of Holy Trinity in Brooklyn for about three years, having succeeded the Rev. Dr. Charles H. Hall. He came from Philadelphia, where he was regarded as an independent and vigorous thinker and writer.

ARRESTED ON A CHARGE OF BIGAMY.

NEW-JERSEY DETECTIVE ALLEGED TO HAVE TWO WIVES.

John L. Blackford, thirty-seven years old, a detective employed by the Central Railroad of New-Jersey, who lives in Plainfield, N. J., was arrested yesterday morning and locked up in the Tombs of a complaint charging him with bigamy. The com plaint was made by Charles Brennesholtz, of West field, N. J., who is a stock broker, with an office at No. 4 Broadway. He and Mrs. Blackford No. and several other persons interested in the case visited Police Headquarters at 2 a. m. They saw Detective Pergeant Webb, to whom Brennesholtz said that he wanted Blackford arrested for bigamy Brennesholtz said that his sister-in-law, Miss Alice Morgan, was married to Blackford in Westfield, N. J. Brennesholtz added that since the marriage he had learned that Blackford had another wif living in Plainfield, N. J., who was Mrs. Blackford

Detective Gargan, accompanied by the party, then went to the Hotel Marlborough, where Blackford and wife No. 2 were staying. The couple were no e detective's call. Blackford said when he was rested that he had procured a diverce from Mrs. ackford No. 1 two years ago in Dakota. At Po-e Headquarters he, however, confessed to Cap-n McClusky that he had married Alice Morgan thout having secured a divorce from his first

wife.
Blackford was to have been arraigned in the Centre-st. police court yesterday morning, but for some reason the hearing was postponed. According to a report his first wife will not press the complaint, as she hopes to have the second marriage annulled.

An affidavit charging Blackford with bigamy was signed by the Justice of the Peace of Union County on Wednesday last. The affidavit reads that "John L. Blackford, of the city of Plainfield, county of New-Jersey, was untied in marriage to Alice Morgan, of the Township of Westfield, County of Union, N. J."

GAME AND FOREST LEAGUE TO MEET. The annual meeting of the New-York State Fish, The annual meeting of the New York State Fish Game and Forest League will be held at Syracuse next Thursday. It is expected that the meeting will be largely attended. Robert B. Lawrence is the president and Ernest G. Gould is the secretary. All proposals for amendments to the fisheries, game and forest laws should be in the hands of the secretary not later than Tuesday next.

EX-PRESIDENT CLEVELAND TO PRESIDE. Ex-President Grover Cleveland will preside over a on the evening of December 4, held in the interest which Booker T. Washington is the principal. That which Booker T. Washington is the principal. That famous negro orator will make an address, and other speakers will be Walter H. Page, formerly Editor of 'The Atlantic Monthly,' who is a Southerner, and William H. Baldwin, Ir., president of the Long Island Railroad, who is one of the trustees of the institution. The meeting is free to all, and the speakers will discuss the work of the institute and the race problem of the South.

Stop Talking

Listen, while we tell you something about your hair. Did you know that if you would only use a little of Ayer's Hair Vigor three or four times a week your hair would grow very much faster? It restores color to gray hair, too, and stops falling of the hair.

If you do not obtain the benefit you desire from use of Vigor, write the Doctor about it, He will tell you just right thing to do. Address, Dr. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mas

BUTT STILL PURSUING ROE.

WILL RENEW HIS FIGHT ON THE MAJOR GENERAL AT THE FIRST OPPORTUNITY.

Major General Roe, of the National Guard, has ot heard the last of Brigadier General Butt, who lately preferred charges against his superior officer. It was learned yesterday from a brigadier general of the National Guard, an associate of General Butt, and later confirmed by other persons in authority, that General Butt is soon to renew his fight against the major general commanding, if General Roe affords him a pretext. General Butt has been working with his brother brigadier generals, it is said, and he is now in position to make trouble, as he will have their support. intention, as expressed to his most intimate friends, is to place himself in an attitude of justifiable insubordination at the first opportunity, and if the assurances he has received from some of his brother officers are lived up to it is said he will have their support in any contest he begins.

General Roe was supported with such outspoken frankness by Governor Roosevelt that the effect has produced a fort of reaction among certain

frankness by Governor Roosevelt that the has produced a fort of reaction among certain brigadier generals, who fear, it is said, that General Roe will not now hesitate to go "over their heads" whenever it suits his convenience. It is just that thing that General Butt is "lying low" just that thing that General Butt is "lying low" just that the for. He is said to have told his friends that the opportunity might not come early, but whether early or late he would absolutely refuse to carry out, or allow to be carried out, an order from General Roe unless it is transmitted to the regiments in his brigade through brigade headquarters. It will be remembered that General Butt felt that he had been slighted and injured hefore by General Roe, who assigned the Dewey parade troops from out of town to local armories with rout consulting General Butt. It is understood now that it such a thing is again attempted by General Roe General Butt will not only disregard the order bur obstruct its being carried into effect. He is said to count on this course as likely to bring sharply to the attention of Governor Roosevelt the issue is brought up in this clearly defined manner, then, it is said, he will not only resign, but will induce one or two other brigadier generals to do likewise.

UNITED VERDE REORGANIZATION.

TEMPORARY INJUNCTION GRANTED ON THE AP-PLICATION OF A MINORITY STOCKHOLDER.

Justice Bookstaver, in the Supreme Court, yes- statement that politics can play no part in the comterday, granted a temporary injunction, on the application of George Λ . Treadwell, a minority stockadding: holder in the United Verde Copper Company, restraining Senator William A. Clark and the other directors of the company from selling or disposing of the property or assets of the corporation, or taking any steps to carry out the proposed plan of reorganization.

reorganization.

The company was capitalized with a stock of \$2,660.000. The minority shareholders represent \$3,600 worth of shares. The injunction ties up the whole scheme of reorganization, at least until the application for a continuance of the temporary injunction has been decided upon.

NO TRACE OF CAPTAIN WARING.

WAR DEPARTMENT WANTS HIM TO EXPLAIN STATEMENTS MADE AT CAPTAIN VAN

The War Department is anxious to find Captak John K. Waring, of the 2d Infantry, who mysteriously disappeared about six weeks ago, and ask him some questions about certain statements made by him in connection with the recent court martial of Captain Frederick T. Van Liew, of the same regiment. General Merritt has received orlers from Secretary Root to search for him and letain him at Governor's Island if found. Lieutenant Pence has been detailed to the task, but Captain Waring is still missing.

Captain Waring had a six months' leave of absence this year, and he spent the greater part of it in Bensonhurst, living last summer at the home of Colonel Clayton. He left Brooklyn in September to go to Matanzas, Cuba, to testify at the court martial of Captain Van Liew, and he arrived on he island on September 25. Captain Van Liew was tried on the charge of having misappropriated | WORK BEGUN BEFORE JUSTICE WERNER IN THE tried on the charge of having misappropriated funds of Company B, 2d Infantry, while the regiment was stationed at Matanzas. He was found guilty, sentenced to dismissal from the Army, and was dismissed on October 2b. It was said that Captain Waring had received from Captain Van Liew some of the misappropriated funds with knowledge of the way in which they were obtained, but this was not proved at the court martial. Waring's friends believe him to be innocent of the charge, and feel certain that he can explain everything satisfactorily. The War Department says that no charges have been made against Captain Waring on the strength of the suspicion, but the authorities want, nevertheless, to have a talk with him about it.

Captain Waring has not appeared to make the desired explanation. He left Matanzas to come to New-York on October 19, but since that time he has been missing. It is thought likely that he did not come to New-York, but remained in Cuba, and if the military authorities become not come to New-York, but remained in Cuba, and if the military authorities become convinced of this the papers in the case, which were sent to General Merritt, will be forwarded by him to Governor General Brooke, in Cubas If Captain Waring appears and clears himself of he suspicion of collusion with Captain Van Liew he will be made a major, as he is the senior officer of his rank in the infantry arm of the service. If he does not appear within six weeks he will be dropped from the folia as a deserter. Some Army officers think that Captain Waring is not mentally sound, and account for his disappearance in that way.

Captain Waring comes from New-York, and was appointed a second lieutenant in the 2d Infantry on May 8, 1857. He was promoted to a first lieutenancy on April 37, 1879, and to a captaincy on April 17, 1891.

HIGHER GAS RATE IN EFFECT.

NEW-AMSTERDAM DECLARES THE \$1 10 CHARGE IN OPERATION.

The resolution recently adopted by the Board of Directors of the New-Amsterdam Gas Company increasing the price of gas from 50 cents to thousand cubic feet became operative yesterday, December 1, and representatives of the company declared that the new rate was being put into ef-A director of the company was quoted as saying that a new gas burner will be introduced saying that a new gas burner will be introduced among the patrons without extra charge, and that this burner will result in great economies not only to the consumers, but to the company as well. What was reported to be an informal meeting of the leading interests in the Standard Gas Light Company was held yesterday afternoon. According to a representative of the company, the meeting was of a routine character and devoid of public interests.

Was of a rotate interest. Secretary Zollikoffer and Treasurer Doane of the Consolidated Gas Company denied yesterday the report that an increase had been made in the salaries of the employes of that company.

ANCHOR LINE'S NEW VESSEL.

The managers of the Anchor Line have purchased from the Shaw, Savill & Albion Company, of London and New-Zealand, the steamship Taiuni, which is expected here from Moville this week. The ship has been engaged in the trade between New-Zealand and London, and will make one round trip between Moville and New-York and then have her name changed to Astoria. Her tonnage is 5,028, and she is of 5,000 horsepower. She is 40 feet long, 46 feet beam, has two funnels, four masts and a long bowsprit. Her saloon is amidships on the upper deck. She has accommodations for 130 first cabin and 100 second cabin passengers. She is commanded by Captain Walter Baxter, who formerly commanded the Furnessia.

FORWARD MOVEMENT ANNIVERSARY. The Forward Movement in this city celebrated

its seventh anniversary last evening. J. M. Cornell presided, and addresses were made by the Rev. Dr. Bitting, paster of Mount Morris Baptist Church, and the Rev. George P. Eckman, pastor of St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal Church. The combined choirs of the Metropolitan Temple parish and the parish orchestra gave a musical programme. The report was read by Dr. S. Parkes Cadman, chief pastor. It showed that since he assumed charge of the Metropolitan Temple, four years and six months ago, he has received thirteen hundred members. This year an increase of two hundred and fifty is reported. Dr. Cadman has built up his congregation from less than a hundred to thirteen hundred souls, and on a single Sunday in Novemhundred souls, and on a single Sunday in November eight thousand people attended the services of the parish. The Temple maintains fifty meetings a week. The devotional meetings during the week are well attended, and the social life of the church is kept up by Chautauquan and literary clubs and public receptions. The members of the Forward Movement Committee are J. M. Cornell, chairman, J. Edgar Leaycraft, treasurer; William Baldwin, secretary; Anderson Fewler, Bowles Colgate, S. W. Bowne, John S. Huyler, Bishop Andrews, the Rev. Dr. F. Mason North and the Rev. Dr. S. Parkes Cadman.

ANNIVERSARY AT THE BOWERY MISSION The fifth anniversary of Victor Benke, organist of the Bowery Mission, will be held this evening. On Sunday, between 12 m. and 2 p. m., the Countess Schillman will deliver an address to men.

YOUNG SHARP'S DISAPPEARANCE.

At Police Headquarters it was said yesterday that aothing had been heard of Harry Sharp, who is mysteriously missing. Sharp, who is a son of Aurelius S. Sharp, the tailor, who has a store in the Fifth Avenue Hotel, disappeared Saturday, and the police say he took with him about 29,000 of his father's money. Nothing could be learned at the store about the case yesterday.

CITY CLUB'S AID DECLINED H. D. M'CORD & SON ASSIGN.

RAMAPO CASE OUT OF POLITICS.

HE WRITES OF THE OBJECTS OF THE MER-CHANTS' ASSOCIATION-CITIZENS UNION

SECRETARY REPLIES. William F. King, president of the Merchants' Association, has acknowledged the offer of the Municipal Government Committee of the City Club to co-operate in the investigation of the city's water supply and of the Ramapo contract, and has told the committee in polite terms that the investigation must be kept out of politics. By way of explanation Mr. King wrote:

tion Mr. King wrote:

The Merchants' Association of New-York has no connection whatever with politics. It takes no part in political campaigns. It believes, however, that after men have been elected to office by the exercise of the franchises of the people, those men become servants of the whole people, and that, irrespectives of politics or political affiliations, they should be supported or criticised according to their acts as public servants, and not by reason of the political complexion of those holding office.

The association was founded entirely to take up questions connected with trade and commerce, and to push those questions for the benefit of the city. State and country. The question of the water supply is of vital importance to every inhabitant of this city, and should be treated from the standpoint of the best interests of the city without any regard whatever as to the persons or parties proposing any action which would affect that water supply either favorably or unfavorably.

After praising the work of the City Club and de-

After praising the work of the City Club and de claring that the investigation of the Merchants' Association must be kept free from political connections, Mr. King wrote:

Therefore it is we feel that it would be unwise, for the sake of the work and the city, for whose benefit the work is being conducted, to co-operate with any committee appointed by a body of men, however high their standing, banded together for the purpose of producing political results in political campaigns, even though the ultimate end of those results is, through politics, benefit to the city in its government. This is not meant by any means as criticism, because, as we have said before, we feel that the City Club has a function to perform and have for it only the very highest respect. To Thomas A. Fulton, secretary of the Citizens'

Union, who had written on the subject, the Mer-

chants' Association has sent a reply, repeating the

ing investigation of the city's water supply, and adding:

It is our experience in public affairs that much good may be accomplished by methods that are not coercive, and that friendly co-operation with executive officials frequently leads to very desirable results in the betterment of public business. It is our aim, so far as possible, to employ the methods of friendly co-operation and discussion of the public business relating to property interests, taxation, etc., with the executive officials to whom it is in-

HIS FALSE NOSE DID NOT FIT.

and thus work for continuous sound ac

THEODORE MERSEREAU SUED THE BUILDER FOR HIS MONEY OR TO GET ONE

THAT SUITED HIM.

Frederick Mersereau, sixty-six years old, of No. 244 East One-hundred-and-twenty-third-st., brought suit in the Ninth Municipal Court yesterday before Judge Fallon to recover \$31 he alleges he paid to A. Jaulas, a mechanical dental operator and a maker of false noses, or to compel Jaulas to give to him a false nose the latter contracted to make. On him a false nose the latter contracted to make. On March 15 he went to Jaulas to have a false nose made, which he said he was to get on August 25. He said Jaulas made one nose for him, which did not fit, and he refused to take it. He says Jaulas refused to give him a nose that fitted or to return the money.

Jaulas alleges that he made four noses for Merserau, one of celluloid, one of wax, one of rubser and the other of composition. He said the \$11 was only part payment on the contract price, which he refused to tell. The case was adjourned.

TRYING ELECTION CASES.

SUPREME COURT.

Justice Werner yesterday sat in the extraordinary term of the Supreme Court, convened by Governor Roosevelt. Frank Hart, alias William O'Brien, pleaded guilty to illegal registration. He was remanded for sentence next Monday. Hart is twentynine years old. He is a paperhanger, and lived at No. 17 Second-ave. The offence was committed in the XIXth Assembly District, in which Assemblyman Mazet was defated. George T. Sullivan was arraigned on the charge

of illegal voting in the Second Election District of the XIXth Assembly District. He was taken from the Tombs to the Supreme Court in custody of Deputy Sheriff Kelly, together with six other pris-The prisoner pleaded not guilty, and the Assistant Attorney General moved that the case be

tried at once.

Mr. O'Hare, Sullivan's counsel, consented, and the work of impanelling a jury was proceeded with.

Mr. O'Hare, Sullivan's counsel, consented, and the work of impanelling a jury was proceeded with. Charles W. Zaring, who is associated with Assistant Attorney General Rogers, presented the case for the people. Mr. Zaring said that the principal witness for the prosecution was a young man named Gardiner, who had only arrived in this city on the day Sullivan registered, October 21 last. Gardiner went into Flynn's Hotel, No. 100 Bowery, and while there saw a man mamed Moon in conversation with Suilivan. Meon told Suilivan he was to go into the Second Election District of the XIXth Assembly District and register there under the name of William Morris. He gave Sullivan a slip of paper on which the word Morris was written.

Gardiner was then asked by Moon if he wanted to earn it 50 easily, and then outlined the scheme to him. Moon told him he would get \$1.50 for registering and \$5 for voting. Then he gave a slip to him as he had given one to Sullivan, who got into conversation with him. Gardiner said he did not think he would do so either, but that Moon had pienty of money, and that they were playing him for all he was worth. They left Flynn's and went to McGurk's, where Moon met a man named Hart and the same performance was gone through with him. The four of them then went uptown to Fifty-ninth-st, and Amsterdam-ave, and flart was sent out to register. He came back in a few minutes and said he had been registered without being challenged. Sullivan was then sent out, and soon came back with the story that he had been challenged. The case will be continued on Monday.

A FARMERS' UNION FORMED.

"Eat only vegetables with union labels on them" is the slogan of the International Farmers' Union. This, the first union of farmers ever organized in this country, was recently formed among the hardy agriculturalists of Binghamton. The object of the farmers appears to be to establish closer relations with the workingmen of the cities, and consequently they will mark their goods so that the city folks can distinguish them from those raised by the non-union tillers of the soil. According to the pro-gramme of the International Farmers' Union all barrels, boxes, bags, crates and other parcels of potatoes, cabbages, onlons, apples, pumpkins, squasars and other things raised by its members will not be genuine unless they have a union label on them.

THE ATTEMPT TO BEAR COTTON.

It is said in Wall Street that the attempt to inluence the cotton market by means of advertisements in newspapers in the last few days is directly traceable to a certain bucket shop in this city. The advertisement predicted a serious drop in the cotton market. The leading newspapers in the South are said to have received a yesterday, signed "J. B. King, No. 39 Broad-st.,"

Reported here cotton market heavily overbough by South on slim margins, and crash looked for Can you confirm?

Private investigation showed that no such person as the alleged signer of the dispatch was at the address mentioned. There was a J. B. King at No. 30 Broad-st. last spring, but his where-abouts now are unknown. It is thought probable that the Cotton Exchange will act in the matter.

REDUCED RATES FOR SPRING BUYERS. The Merchants' Association recently asked for rates in the territory of the Trunk Line Association for what is known as the spring buying season. The periods of time for which the special rates were asked were from March 16 to March 21, inclusive, and from April 3 to April 6, inclusive. Word was received yesterday that the application from the Merchants' Association had been favorably acted on. The rates will be in effect at the time mentioned, east of and including Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Dunkirk and Salamanca, N. Y.; Erie and Pittsburg, Penn., Bellaire, Ohio, Wheeling, Parkersburg and Huntington, W. Va., except points in New-England.

MANAGEMENT OF THE GILSEY. It was said at the Gilsey House yesterday that

no contract had been closed yet with any one to assume control of the house when James H. Breslin retires. It is reported that several persons are negotiating for the property, and that when it does change hands a large sum of money will be spent in improvements and changes in the house.

A FOOTBALL PLAYER KILLED. Little Falls, N. Y., Dec. 1.-Moses Schermer,

eighteen years old, the left tackle of the Herkimer football team, was thrown in a game with New-Hattford at Herkimer yesterday. His spine was injured, and he died early this morning. The Coroner is investigating.

PRESIDENT KING WANTS TO KELP THE THE WHOLESALE FIRM HAD BOUGHT

TO PAY IN FULL. Henry D. McCord & Son, wholesale dealers in grain, hay and feed at Nos. 92 and 94 Broad-st., made an assignment without preferences yesterday to John P. Truesdell, president of the John P. Truesdell Company, commission merchants in the Produce Exchange Building. The partners are Henry D. McCord, who lives at No. 118 West Seventy-third-st., and William M. McCord, of No. 223 West Seventleth-st. They are well known in the trade and have had a large business in corn for West India shipment. Last spring it was said that they had lost money on corn in 1898 and 1899, having overloaded, especially on options, but they made up their working capital by raising money on real

Last April a blanket mortgage for \$72,000 was given to Frederick Unimann for one year on prop-erty at No. 94 Broad-st., the residence of Henry D. McCord at No. 118 West Seventy-third-st, and property at Scarborough, Westchester County. They have valued the property at No. 94 Broad-st. at \$70,000, mortgage, \$30,000; No. 118 West Seventy-thirdst. cost \$45,000 and the mortgage is \$20,000, and the country place at Scarborough is valued at \$50,000. John O'Conneil, their attorney, said yesterday that all the real estate is included in the assignment, and they have paid off most of the mortgage of \$72,000. The assignment was caused by accumulating goods which could not be sold quickly to meet obligations which are maturing. They bought a little too much The Habilities are about \$100,660 and the as sets about the same. They expect to pay all their creditors 100 cents on the dollar. There are about thirty creditors in all, one or two banks being

thirty creditors in all, one or two banks being among the number. The liabilities are principally, if not all, to local creditors.

Henry D. McCord, then a clerk in a grocery store, in 1857 entered the employ of the grain firm of Lane & Mangam, at No. 92 Broad-st., as a messenger boy. A few years later Mr. Lane retired from business, and when subsequently Mr. Mangam died Mr. McCord took up the business at the same place, forming a partnership under the name of Knapp & McCord. This partnership continued from 1871 to October 31, 1888. In January, 1893, W. M. McCord became a partner with his father. The assignment, it was announced yesterday, will cause no interruption in the business, which will be continued in the same place, under the name of "Henry D. McCord & Son, agents."

& Son. agents."

Henry D. McCord has been for years prominent in the management of the New-York Produce Exchange, of which he served as vice-president for the year of 1894-95 and as president for two terms, from 1895 to 187. A few months ago a portrait of ex-President McCord, subscribed for by a number of his business associates, was presented to the Exchange.

RAILROAD INTERESTS.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO NOT ABSORBED. DENIAL AT OFFICE OF PRESIDENT OF THE PENN-SYLVANIA.

Philadelphia, Dec. 1.-Inquiries made to-day at the office of A. J. Cassatt, president of the Pennsylvania Railroad, elicited a statement denying the report that the Baltimore and Ohio had been absorbed by the Pennsylvania company. The facts, as learned at Mr. Cassatt's office, are as follows:

There is no truth in the reports which have found currency that J. Pierpont Morgan, William K. Vanderbilt and A. J. Cassatt have combined to take control of the Eastern rallroad situation into their own hands. The declaration that the Pennsylvania Raliroad has absorbed the Baltimore and Ohio is as absurd as would be a declaration that the New-York Central had absorbed the Pennsylvania. The facts as they exist are to be found in the statement made yesterday by John K. Cowen, president of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

St. Paul, Minn., Dec. 1.-J. J. Hill, president of the Great Northern, known to be a heavy holder of Baltimore and Ohio stock, places little credence in the reports that the Pennsylvania road has secured control of the Baltimore and Ohio. He says:

In the last few months there have been many transfers of individual holdings of stock, for the most part involving no large blocks. The reports which have been current regarding a transfer of any considerable amount of stock have little to recommend them as true.

The Baltimore and Ohio issues were weak on the Stock Exchange yesterday, the common showing a net loss for the day of % per cent and the pre ferred of % per cent. Pennsylvania closed at 136, a decline of is per cent. The report that Pennsylvania Railroad Company interests had secured control of the Baltimore and Ohio was generally regarded in Wall Street as having been definitely set at rest by President Cowen's statement and by the dispatches from Philadelphia and St. Paul, given above. The declaration that such a move had been effected was made with great positiveness in certain quarters, but the story has at no time received general acceptation in the financial district. There were no new developments yesterday regarding the relations between the New-York Central and the "Big Four" and Chesapeake and Ohio. a decline of % per cent. The report that Pennsyl

N. Y. C. PENNSYLVANIA EXTENSION.

There have been reports of important extensions of the New-York Central's Pennsylvania These stories seem to be based upon the fact that the owners of coal lands along the Pittsburg and the owners of coal lands along the Pittsburg and Eastern Railroad, a line about eleven miles long, running from Maheffey to Glen Campbell, are anxious to get their product to market over the Beech Creek branch of the New-York Central. Plans are pending to bring about such an arrangement. Whether or not the Pittsburg and Eastern will be taken over as a part of the Pennsylvania division of the New-York Central has not yet been determined, but it is said to be likely that such a transaction will be carried out.

CHICAGO-ST. PAUL RATES CUT. The Chicago-St. Paul railroads have reduced their second class passenger rate from St. Paul to this city from \$23.50 to \$17, which is \$1 above the rate on the same class of traffic from Chicago to New-York, and desire the Chicago-New-York lines to meet their share of the cut. This action, it was announced yesterday, has been taken by the Grand Trunk and the Nickel Plate.

AGREEMENT ON RATES. "There was a great deal of smoke over a very

little fire," said a prominent New-York Central official yesterday in referring to the recent reports about huge mergers, consolidations and changes in control of various railroad lines. "The Pennsylvania never had any idea of taking over the Balti more and Ohio, and for the present at least it would be impracticable for the New-York Central to take up the Chesapeake and Ohlo and the Big Four. The truth is that recently certain strong factors in the railroad world, who have been more or less at odds, have come to an amicable understanding as to the maintenance of rates. The agreement reaches every Eastern trunk line, and I think rates are on a more stable and permanent basis than they have been for a long time before. "The argument that effected this understanding

was very simple. Here there is freight enough for every one and then some left over. Times are The freight tonnage is enormous. the increase in business salaries have gone up. The the increase in business salaries have gone up. The price of equipment has gone up. Everything that a railroad uses or utilizes has gone up in price except rates. With a demoralization of rates to be placed against this increase, the roads were in bad shape, indeed. So some quiet conferences took place. Some differences and grievances were adjusted. Certain interests were cared for and irritation in other places was aliayed and a widespread understanding was reached. That is all there is to it, and now the only thing is that rates will standench road will get its fair quota, and the stockholders, bond owners and every one interested in railers, bond owners and every one interested in rail road properties in the East will be greatly bene fited."

WIRES FOR NEW TELEPHONE COMPANY. Representatives of the People's Telephone Cor. peration said yesterday that the work of stringing the cables of that company underground in this borough would begin within three days, and that the preparations for the installation of a complete telephone service independent of the Bell Telephone Company would be actively pushed. It is understood that some of the Metropolitan Street Railway conduits will be utilized for the laying of part of the wires to be placed by the People's Telephone Corporation.

TRAVEL TO KHARTOUM. One of the best evidences that Kitchener has

smashed the Khalifa and his following is furnished by a cable message which has been received at the local office of Thomas Cook & Son, announcing that their first tourist party for Khartoum will leave Cairo on January 4. The spot where Gordon died, the tomb of the Mahdi and other places of considerable interest to many people are thus made easily accessible.

PETITIONS IN BANKRUPTCY.

Adolph Blitz, living at No. 824 Lexington-ave., has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of \$423,178 and no assets. All the debts were contracted in 1891 at Nashville, Tenn., and were prin-cipally on notes. Elizabeth K. Satterlee, of No. 151 West Seventy

sixth-st, insurance broker, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of \$36,864 and no assets. The greater part of the debts are on account of the copartnership of D. R. Satterlee & Co., insurance brokers, of No. 97 Cedar-st., as agents and underwriters of the Lloyds of New-York City.

HILL'S "ACQUIESCENT ATTITUDE." THE EX-SENATOR'S VIEWS ON THE CAN-

DIDACY OF WILLIAM J. BRYAN. Albany, Dec. 1 (Special.)-The friends of ex-Senator David B. Hill are much surprised over the statements of Elliot Danforth, chairman of the Executive Committee of the Democratic State Committee, and Norman E. Mack, of Buffalo, that the ex-Senator has "got into line" for B. jan on an anti-trust and anti-imperialist platform. They do not believe that Mr. Danforth or Mr. Mack had any authority to make such a statement. Mr. Bill, they say, is in the habit of

speaking for himself on such important matters. Moreover, Mr. Hill expressed certain sentiments regarding the anancial plank of the Democratic party at the Democratic National Convention of 1896 which he has never retracted, so far as known; therefore his noted speech at Chicago in opposition not only to the financial plank, but to other planks adopted by the Democratic National Convention, is an expression of

his present views on those same topics.

It is perfectly obvious to Mr. Hill's friends that Mr. Bryan will probably be renominated, and that being the case Mr. Hill, they say, is forced to assume an "acquiescent attitude." Candidates sometimes assume a "receptive atti-tude." There can be no objection, therefore, to a man assuming an "acquiescent attitude a man assuming an "acquiescent attitude." It is a position a good many men in political life are compelled to assume at times, even though they are aware that their party by the adoption of a certain policy is doomed to inevitable defeat. Ex-Senator Hill has a prosperous law business

in Albany, and is paying close attention to it. IN A MUDDLE OVER THE TAYLOR.

COMPLICATIONS LIKELY TO RESULT OVER THE BARRING OUT OF THE STEAM-ER AND HER CARGO.

It is now certain that the steamer J. W. Taylor, which came into port on November 18 with a \$500,-000 cargo of coffee and two cases of bubonic plague aboard, will not get any nearer New-York than Quarantine, where she is now anchored. Dr. Doty said yesterday that he had decided not to release the steamer from quarantine so that she could come up to the city. That settles the matter, and the J. W. Taylor will have to go out to sea again without tying up to any wharf in this harbor.

Busk & Jevons, the agents in this city of Lamport & Holt, to whom the steamer belongs, made application to Collector Bidwell yesterday to have the ship enter without her officers, as the latter are confined at Swinburne Island. They also asked the Collector to designate a safe harbor for the ship outside the city limits, from which barred by the order of the Board of Health, in which to discharge her cargo. This the Collecto could do, as the customs jurisdiction over which he has centrol includes the Hudson River to Albany, all of Long Island Sound and the Jersey shore as far south as Sandy Hook, besides the waters contiguous to Manhattan Island. Collector could designate Poughkeepsie for a harbor, if he wished, and the steamer, provided she had been released from quarantine, could then with the Collector's permission, steam up the Hudson with her cargo aboard, tie up at Poughkeepsie and discharge the coffee there. The application of the agents was denied, however. Collector Bidwell said he could not enter the ship

without her master or acting master without violating the law and the regulations of this port. He skilfully evaded the part of the application asking him to designate a safe harbor for the J. W Taylor by saying that until the ship was entered this question did not come under his jurisdiction. As the master and mate of the steamer will be several weeks more at Swinburne Island, and the steamer cannot enter until they leave the island, the question of a harbor will not trouble the Col-Meanwhile the cargo of coffee is in seven lighters

off Quarantine, and, according to Busk & Jevons, it spoiling so rapidly that it will soon be valueless. At noon to-day the lighter which received the first instalment of coffee from the steamer will be re-leased by Dr. Doty, as its eight days of disinfection ill then have expired, and as far as the Quarantine officials are concerned, this lighter may go where it pleases. The guard which is watching the lighters has received orders to let this lighter go at noon. Busk & Jevons said yesterday they did not know what they would do with the lighter. It is barred from this city, Jersey City and Hoboken, and it cannot do much more than stay where it is. The s complain bitterly of this, and consider the cargo, which consists of 44,613 sacks of coffee,

agents complain bitterly of this, and constant whole cargo, which consists of 44,613 sacks of coffee, as lost.

It was said yesterday that all of the coffee is sold "to arrive" and that it has been sold and resold several times on the Coffee Exchange in this city. The title to the coffee does not pass until the ship carrying it is entered, and as the J. W. Taylor will from present indications not be entered at all, whatever loss ensues from the spoiling or non-delivery of the coffee will fall on the vendors in Brazil. One of these vendors has sold a large block of the coffee to a New-York dealer to be delivered on a certain date. He has a little better chance than the other vendors, as he will get the price he bargained for if the ship is entered before this date, even though he delivers coffee which from exposure on the lighters is worth no more than so much sawdust.

Coffee dealers in this city are not as much concerned over the intricate business complications which they say will arise from the barring out of the J. W. Taylor and her cargo as they are over the general effect of the incident on the coffee trade with Brazil. They say that the present ruling, if adopted as a precedent, will practically destroy the Brazilian coffee trade. They point out as evidence of this the fact that the steamer Lassell, which left Santos with coffee for New-York and put into St. Lucla yesterday with sickness aboard, has been ordered away from this port. Although the J. W. Taylor will after a thorough disinfection, release the steamer Roman Prince, coffee laden from Brazil, which has been detained in quarantine ince her arrival here.

HANNA WILLING TO RETIRE.

DOES NOT DESIRE TO MANAGE ANOTHER CAM-PAIGN-SUGGESTED FOR TREASURER OF EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Cleveland, Ohio, Dec. 1 .- Concerning the reports which have been in circulation for several weeks to the effect that Senator Hanna would not succeed himself as chairman of the National Republican Committee, it can be stated on the authority of Mr. Hanna's most intimate friends that he has no desire to manage another campaign, and that unless exceedingly strong pressure is brought to bear on him he will in all probability decline to do so.

Notwithstanding the published statements that many leading Republicans throughout the country are opposed to Mr. Hanna's reappointment as chairman of the National Committee, it is known that he is almost daily receiving from influential party leaders, representing practically all portions of the country, letters to the effect that he has their fullest confidence and support, and urging that he is the strongest man available for the place. Mr. Hanna's closest friends, and indeed, the members of his own family believe, however, that the condition of his health is such that he should not, under any circumstances, assume the responsibility of managing another Presidential campaign.

sibility of managing another Presidential campaign.

It has been suggested that, should Mr. Hanna decide not to accept a reappointment as chairman, he be made a member of the Executive Committee, having personal charge of the campaign finances. This would, it is pointed out, relieve Mr. Hanna of the arduous duties devolving upon him as chairman, and at the same time give the National Committee the benefit of his experience and marked success in raising campaign funds.

WANT NATIONAL CONVENTIONS HERE.

ALDERMEN ADOPT A RESOLUTION IN FAVOR OF HOLDING THEM IN THIS CITY.

In the meeting of the Board of Aldermen vesterday John T. McCall, the Tammany leader, offered a resolution asking the Municipal Assembly to take steps to invite the Democratic and Republican National committees to hold the Democratic and Republican National conventions next year in this

Alderman James moved that Flushing be substituted for New-York. "Flushing is in New-York," said the chairman,

"Then make it Montauk Point," said Mr. James. "I trust the resolution will be adopted," said Alderman Burleigh (Republican). "The last Democratic Convention that was held in the city was

cratic Convention that was held in the city was in 1868, when Horatio Seymour was nominated. I trust the next Democratic Convention will be held here, and that the result will be the same."

Alderman Woodward supported the resolution. The convention, he said, would be an advantage to New-York City.

The resolution was adopted. Alderman James alone, voting in the negative.
Senator Platt said yest-rday that he intended to use what influence he had with the Republican National Committee to name New-York City as the place for the Republican National Convention next year. "The choice of a head for the Republican itcket next year has been settled already," he said, "and local jealousies should be laid aside. President McKinley certainly will be renominated. I will try in every way to have the Republican Convention brought to this city."

NO NEWS OF MILLER

THE BOOKS OF THE FRANKLIN SYNDICATE BEING EXAMINED AT POLICE HEADQUARTERS

"No news" of William F. Miller, the missing manager of the defunct Franklin Syndicate. It is the same story given out day after day by the Brooklyn police. They are puttering around with the worthless books and papers which he left in his Floyd-st. headquarters, and figuring how much money they would have got had they captured the fugitive, while he is enjoying the fruits of his operations in rafety and in parts unknown.

The United States District Court yesterday served

the Brooklyn Police Department, that he must not pay out any of the money which was captured at appeared until the exact status of the case has been settled in the courts.

The following notice was served on Sheriff Creamer and Postmaster Wilson yesterday by firm of Brooklyn lawyers: Take notice, that for the protection and preserva

Take notice, that for the protection and preservation of the assets and property of the Franklin Syndicate, formerly carried on and conducted by William F, Miller and others, and for the purpose of securing and protecting all creditors who may come in and prove their claims herein, and particularly for the purpose of sheltering and protecting the assets and property of the Franklin Syndicate from an impending storm of a multitude of actions and proceedings, and the delay, expense and litigation attendant thereto, the undersigned, Belfer & Flash, attorneys herein, in behalf of the creditors of the Franklin Syndicate aforesaid, did on the 28th day of November, 1856, on the forenoon of that date, file a petition in bankruptcy against the Franklin Syndicate aforesaid, in the United States District Court in and for the Eastern District of the State of New-York, and that by reason of the filing of said petition as aforesaid, pursuant to the act of Congress known as the Bankruptcy law of the United States of America, you are hereby stayed and enjoined from in any manner, either directly or indirectly, distributing, disposing of or paying over any moneys or property that you now have in your possession or under your control, and being or purporting to be the property of William E. Miller or the Franklin Syndicate, and that all

A patrol wagon containing two policemen and a large box drove up to Police Headquarters in Manlarge box drove up to Police Headquarters in Manhattan yesterday afternoon, and the box was carried to the room of President York. 't was learned that the wagon belonged to the Vernon-ave, station, and that the box contained the books and papers of the Miller syndicate.

President York and Commissioner Abeli passed considerable time in examining the contents of the box, but refused to have anything to say. It was said, however, that the Commissioners are anxious to find out how many members of the Police Department are involved, and to what extent.

GOURDAIN HELD FOR TRIAL

Louis A. Gourdain, president of the Imperial National Bank, who was arrested in his office in the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company Building on a charge of running a banking business without a a charge of funning a banking business without a State certificate, was held for trial in Special Ses-sions by Magistrate Deuel in the Jefferson Market Court yesterday, ball being fixed at \$2,500. Gourdain was arrested by Captain Price, of the West Thir-tieth-st. station, on the order of Chief Devery.

NO ROOM SECURED YET FOR MAZET.

INVESTIGATION WILL BE RESUMED NEXT WEEK AND PROBABLY CONTINUED ALONG THE OLD LINES.

Frank Moss said yesterday that no place had yet een found in which to hold the sessions of the Mazet Committee next week, but he had no doubt that sultable rooms would be secured in plenty of time for Tuesday's session. He has not laid any plans yet to look into the Franklyn Syndicate swinplans yet to look into the Frankiya syndicate swindle, nor has it been decided when the committee will bring its investigation to a close. Being asked what lines of inquiry would be taken up next week, Mr. Moss declined to disclose them, but from other sources it was learned that no new departure is contemplated, but the time will be devoted to bringing out more freely the abuses which exist in those city departments which have already been under fire. "Our time from this on is precious," said

Regarding the fuss which Assistant District At-Regarding the fuss which Assistant District Attorney McIntyre made the other day about being served in court with a subpona to some before the committee, the subpona server says that Indian to find Mr. McIntyre in his office, he went to court to consult that official as to what time it would be convenient for him to be served. Mr. McIntyre asked to see the subpona, and the man handed it to him. Then Mr. McIntyre struck an attitude and made his speech about the ourrage of being called away from his official duties, and abused Mr. Moss for allowing withnesses to testify against him.

Mr. Moss says he is not responsible for what the witnesses swear to, and his only object in calling Mr. McIntyre was to give him a chance to reply under oath to the charges which these witnesses had brought against him.

The well known Stock Exchange and cotton comreorganized, Bernard J. Harrison retiring as a partner and Walter W. Price, a brother of the partner and Walter W. Price, a brother of the senior partner, being admitted to membership in the firm. The partnership formed on January 2, 1897, does not expire by limitation until December 31, 1892; but the change in the firm was made as of December 1, it was explained yesterday by one of the members, because of the intended departure for California within a few days of George Crocker, the special partner. Mr. Crocker, who will continue in the same relation with the new firm, has added \$400,000 to the amount originally put in by him, making his contribution to the firm's capital \$600,000. The new firm consists of Theodore H. Price, William G. McCormick, R. G. M. Stuart Wortley and Walter W. Price, general partners, and George Crocker, special partner.

PLUG TOBACCO PUT UP.

St. Louis, Dec. 1 .- The Continental Tobacco Company has sent out a notice to all jobbers that there will be an advance of four cents a pound on all plug chewing and plug smoking tobacco on December 1. All orders unfilled will be cancelled, and must be submitted under the advanced schedule. The discounts to jobbers are also trimmed down. Jobbers are offered a discount of 1 per cent on all purchases of more than one million pounds a month.

THIRD-AVE, GETTING BACK ITS POWER. The Third Avenue Railroad Company succeeded in corralling to a large extent its vagrant electricity, the loss of which on Thanksgiving Day stalled its cars for several hours. There were one or two blockades yesterday owing to the power giving out, but toward night the cars were running regularly. Assistant Superintendent Noonan said the electricians were hard at work trying to make it impossible for the electric power to escape as it did on Thursday.

FIVE NEW POLICE STATIONS PLANNED. The Police Commissioners contemplate the erec-

tion of five new police stations next year. The Board of Estimate and Apportionment set apart AT5,000 for this purpose, but the matter has been hung up in the Municipal Assembly. One of these new stations is for Long Island City and the other four are for the Borough of The Bronx, where they are badly needed. President York of the Police Board stated yesterday that extensive alterations were also being contemplated in five stations of the Borough of Manhattan.

LEVY ON NEW ERA PUBLISHING COMPANY. Deputy Sheriff O'Donnell yesterday received an execution against the New Era Publishing pany, of No. 156 Fifth-ave., in favor of Joseph M. Richards for \$4.428 on an attachment obtained by him on November 9, under which the Sheriff levied on the office furniture. The Sheriff has also received an execution for \$637 in favor of the Evangelist Publishing Company.

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Cheviots, Friezes, etc., in Grays and Oxfords, To order, \$18.

Winter will be down upon you before you get that new heavy suit, if you're not lively. Better come in to-day and leave your

Suit to order,\$20. Fit, Fashion, Fabric,



145-147 Bowery